# MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper for the guidance of teachers 

## 0607 CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/22
Paper 2 (Extended), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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| $1 \text { (a) }$ | $\begin{aligned} & ( \pm) \frac{1}{7}(0.1528 \ldots) \\ & \pm \frac{1}{2}( \pm 0.5) \end{aligned}$ | 2 | Accept $-\frac{1}{7}(-0.1528 \ldots)$ <br> M1 for $x^{2}=\frac{1}{4}$ soi |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 (a) <br> (b) | $\begin{aligned} & (3 x-2)(2 x+1) \\ & \frac{2}{3},-\frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$ | 1ft | SC1 for a pair of brackets which multiply out to give 2 terms correct <br> ft from their (a) only if $\mathbf{S C} 1$ scored in (a). Strict ft but can start again to achieve correct answer and score. |
| 3 (a) <br> (b) | $\binom{13}{-9}$ <br> $\sqrt{13}$ isw | $2$ <br> 2 | B1 for $\binom{13}{k}$ or $\binom{k}{-9}$ seen <br> B1 for $2^{2}+3^{2}$ seen or implied by $\pm \sqrt{13}$ |
| 4 | 56, 92 | 2 | B1 for 56, B1 for 92 <br> After B0, B0, award SC1 for 25 and 36 seen. |
| 5 (a) <br> (b) | $(q-y)(p-x) \text { oe }$ $2(4 c-5 d)(4 c+5 d)$ | $2$ | B1 for $p(q-y)+x(y-q)$ or better, or $q(p-x)+y(x-p)$ or better <br> B1 for $2\left(16 c^{2}-25 d^{2}\right)$ or $(8 c-10 d)(4 c+5 d)$ <br> or $(4 c-5 d)(8 c+10 \mathrm{~d})$ |
| $6 \quad \text { (a) } \quad \text { (i) }$ <br> (b) | 3 $\begin{equation*} 180^{\circ} \text { or } \pi \tag{ii} \end{equation*}$ $y=3 \sin 2 x \text { drawn }$ | 1 <br> 1 <br> B2 | After B0, <br> SC1 for any wave with correct amplitude or their amplitude and <br> SC1 for wave passing through $(0,0)$ with correct period or their period |
| 7 | $p=-1, q=2.5$ or $5 / 2$ | 4 | M1 for attempt to get 2 equations for elimination. <br> Condone 1 numerical slip <br> M1 for correct addition/subtraction of their equation. <br> Condone 1 further numerical slip (dep) <br> A1, A1 for each $\mathbf{O r}$ <br> M1 for equation in form $x=$ or $y=$. Condone 1 numerical slip <br> M1 for substitution of their equation into the other correctly. No further slip <br> A1, A1 for each <br> Or wwwSC3 for either $p=-1$ or $q=2.5$ |
| 8 | $x=5$ | 3 | M2 for $y=12 x^{2}$ or $\frac{108}{300}=\frac{3^{2}}{x^{2}}$ oe <br> M1 for $y=k x^{2}(k \neq 1)$ |


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| 9 | 13.5 | 3 | B1 for total distance $=27 \mathrm{~km}$ B1 for total time $=2$ hours | [3] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | $x=-5$ | 3 | M1 for multiplying all $\underline{3}$ terms by 14 , or LHS over $14=1$, or all over 14 A1 for $2(x+3)-3(x-1)=14$, or $\frac{2 x+6-3(x-1)}{14}=1$ oe with other denominator e.g. 98 -5 may be seen embedded | [3] |
| 11 (a) <br> (b) <br> (c) | $\begin{aligned} & \log 6 \\ & 3^{y} \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | 1 | Accept $\pm 3$ or -3 | [3] |
| $12 \text { (a) }$ <br> (b) | $-\frac{1}{2}$ oe <br> For co-ordinates of $D=(2,4)$ <br> For gradient of $C D=\frac{6}{4}$ oe e.g. ( $\left.{ }^{\prime} 4^{\prime}--2\right) /\left({ }^{\prime} 2^{\prime}--2\right)$ Gradients not negative reciprocals oe | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ \text { M1 } \\ \text { M1 } \\ \text { E1 } \end{gathered}$ | isw (incorrect cancelling only) <br> Can imply previous M1 i.e. Correct method using their D <br> Dep on M2 and no errors in (b) | [4] |

